THE JERUSALEM POST

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EDITORIAL

THE accession of Mali to full independence within the framework of the French Community, under the terms of the treaty signed yesterday in Paris, is an important event of far-reaching consequences. It marks another important milestone on the road to the complete emancipation of Africa—at a time when ominous rumblings are to be heard at the southern end of what may soon cease to be called the Dark Continent — and it ushers in a new era in the development of the French Community of free nations.

NEW AFRICAN STATE

We in Israel particularly rejoice at this development, for the better our friends fare, the better for all. And we have close ties, not only with France, but also with Mali. Some time before the emergence of the French Sudan and Senegal into the Federal Republic of Mali, we decided — and were authorized by the French Government — to set up a Consulate-General in the capital of Dakar, which incidentally is one of the most impressive cities of West Africa. This initial establishment of formal relations was the outcome of the tour made by our Foreign Minister, Mrs. Golda Meir, of the territories of Mali.

Reciprocating our interest, Mr. Modeiba Keita, the Sudan leader and present Prime Minister of Mali, headed a delegation to Israel to reconnoitre the possibilities of future cooperation between our two States in the economic, cultural, scientific and educational spheres. Last month, a Senegal delegation of experts, led by Mme. Marie Gueye, in charge of women's affairs in the Mali Ministry of Development, made an extensive tour of Israel. It may safely be predicted that these contacts will encourage increasingly intimate and fruitful Mali-Israel relations.

The 7,000,000 inhabitants of Mali are predominantly Moslem. Back in the 13th century, Mali was a flourishing kingdom noted for the progressiveness of its rulers who pursued an "open-door" policy towards the diplomatic emissaries and traders of European and more distant lands. Today this ancient tradition is restored by men such as the present Prime Minister and Mr. Leopold Senghor, the President of Mali.

Mr. Senghor is counted among the most talented of letter-day French poets. He wields French, the official language of Mali, with subtle power. At the same time, he is deeply interested in the preservation and renovation of his people's spiritual heritage. Modern art in the West has drawn much direction and inspiration from the African so-called primitives. If we in Israel feel we have much to offer — our agricultural and industrial pioneering enterprises and our unique social institutions may especially prove of service — we realize that we can also learn a good deal from Mali.

Before very long, the Mali flag — red, green and gold — will be hoisted at the United Nations. A young-old newcomer to the comity of nations arrives on the international scene at a moment when the peoples' yearnings for peace actively preoccupy the statesmen of the Great Powers. To be sure, not Mali nor ourselves nor any of the smaller countries will be directly represented at the forthcoming Summit Meeting in Geneva. Nonetheless we all have the possibility as well as the duty to foster peace within our intermingled spheres of interest.

Kassem Invited To Visit Indonesia

BAGHDAD (Reuter). — President Sukarno of Indonesia, who is on a three-day visit to Iraq, yesterday invited the Prime Minister, General Abdul Karim Kassem, to visit Indonesia.

Dr. Sukarno made the invitation during talks with Kassem at the Iraqi Staff College.

It is not yet known whether the Iraqi Premier has accepted.

Before President Sukarno leaves today for a state visit to Yugoslavia, cultural, trade and friendship agreements between the two countries will be signed.

MRS. F.D.R. HURT IN CAR ACCIDENT

NEW YORK (Reuter).—Mrs. Eleanor Roosevelt was knocked down by a car as she stepped off the pavement near her town house yesterday and suffered a sprained ankle.

Mrs. Roosevelt, 75, had her ankle taped by her doctor, and, using a crutch, hobbled to three speaking engagements in the city.

1 Killed, 4 Wounded In S. Africa Clashes

CAPETOWN (Reuter).—Police opened fire on a crowd in Nyanga Jewnship near here yesterday and a sergeant with a revolver wounded four Africans men at almost point-blank range.

There were clashes in other townships yesterday, including one at Clermont, near Durban, where one African was killed and several persons were injured, including police.

The District Commandant of Police at nearby Athlone said the police opened fire on an unruly crowd of Africans who surged forward and threatened to attack them. Police earlier used batons on many "troublemakers and open intimidators," he said.

Afterwards the township had "quietened down," he added.

Apart from a cordon of riflemen and Bren gunners, three strong detachments of mobile reserves were standing by at strategic points on the perimeter of the township.

Warned Against Working

The first sign of trouble in Clermont came soon after midnight, when the inhabitants were woken by gangs who told them not to go to work and the penalty for disobeying would be violence.

Two hours later there were clashes, and three baton charges were made by police to clear pockets of Africans, mostly men, armed with clubs and sticks, who prevented others from going to work in buses.

Order was soon restored, but few Africans tried to leave the township for fear of reprisals from agitators.

More than 200,000 pamphlets urging the Africans to maintain law and order and not take part in unauthorized strikes and assemblies were dropped from aircraft over Clermont and Cato Manor townships.

Another 180,000 pamphlets have been distributed by hand in other African residential areas, hostels, beerhalls and private compounds.

Stay Away from Jobs

None of the 3,000 workers living at the S.S. Smith Hostel, 14 kms. south of Durban, went to work yesterday. Buses were stoned and traffic halted.

But reports from some other centres told of trains and buses running to normal schedules and Africans returning to work.

In Capetown, the House of Assembly was yesterday moving through the last stages of the Unlawful Organizations bill under which such groups as the African National Congress, the Pan-Africanist Congress and kindred organizations could be outlawed.

The bill is expected to reach the Senate today for speedy passage.

Sir de Villiers Graaff, United (Opposition) Party leader, told the House force was only a temporary palliative and should be replaced with a long-term plan to meet the situation which had arisen in the Union in the past fortnight.

Opposition's Support

He said the Government had the opposition's support because it seemed clear it had not been adequately armed to meet the current intimidation and terrorism, and to protect law-abiding citizens.

An official of the African National Congress — obviously anticipating the ban — was quoted in the "Johannesburg Star" as saying, "We have gone underground."

The Congress yesterday issued a statement proposing the calling of a new national convention — representing "all the people on a fully democratic basis" — to lay the foundations of a new Union of South Africa.

W. German Policeman Held for War Crimes

HANOVER, West Germany (Reuter). — Hanover Police last Saturday arrested a 55-year-old West German Police Inspector, Bodo Struck, on suspicion that he took part in mass killings of Jews in Russia during World War II, officials announced yesterday.

Struck was a Hauptsturmführer (Captain) in the S.S. and is alleged to have headed a commando of Himmler's Security Police in the central sector of the Russian Front from 1941 to the summer of 1942.

Israel, UK Sign Extradition Pact

LONDON (Reuter). — An Anglo-Israel extradition treaty, the first between the two states, was signed here yesterday and tabled in Parliament.

The treaty, which will take effect three months after mutual ratification, was signed by the Israel Ambassador and the British Foreign Secretary.

The provisions of the treaty are retroactive for three years for the offences covered by it.

Urgent Parleys On Cyprus Deadlock

NICOSIA (Reuter). — Archbishop Makarios had a lengthy discussion with his Greek Cypriot Ministers here yesterday on the compromise Turkish Cypriot proposal offering a 100 square mile area for the British sovereign bases.

In a day of intense activity among the Cyprus negotiators, Dr. Fadil Kutchuk, the Turkish Cypriot leader, met Mr. Julian Amery, British Colonial Under-Secretary, and the Governor, Sir Hugh Foot, and received Mr. George Christopoulos, Greek Ambassador-designate.

An air of urgency marked the discussions as the three sides manoeuvred in preparation for the next joint meeting this week, probably tomorrow.

Makarios' Warning

It will be the first meeting between Mr. Amery and the Cypriot leaders since Archbishop Makarios threatened last Friday that Cypriots would proclaim a republic unilaterally and carry out civil disobedience unless an agreement was not quickly reached.

(In London, the Foreign Office spokesman said British consideration of the 100-square-mile proposal is likely to be completed in time for tomorrow's joint meeting.)

Commenting on a London newspaper report that Abdul Nasser has sent him a letter requesting that provision should be made that the British bases will not be used against Egypt, Archbishop Makarios said he had received no such letter.

Premier Meets With Teachers

Jerusalem Post Staff

Prime Minister Ben-Gurion yesterday met with members of the Secondary School Teachers Association for talks on the prolonged teachers' crisis. He appealed to them to issue second-term marks to their pupils.

One of the teachers who participated in the meeting told *The Jerusalem Post* that it was conducted in "a warm and friendly atmosphere." He said that the Prime Minister's request would have to be considered by the Association's Council.

It is understood that Mr. Ben-Gurion promised the teachers that any solution to the conflict over the question of recognition for the Association would not be imposed by force but would be the result of agreement between the various parties to the dispute. He also is reported to have said that if the conciliatory efforts of the three-man Cabinet committee proved inconclusive, he would step into the picture himself.

Only Individuals

The Government spokesman in Jerusalem last night emphasized that the Prime Minister had met with the teachers as individuals, and not as representatives of their organization.

Mr. Ben-Gurion had on an earlier occasion declared he was not willing to meet with representatives of the Association as a result of their uncompromising attitude at a previous meeting with him.

This is the Premier's first meeting with members of the Association since the breakdown of their talks before his trip to the U.S. It is understood that the initiative for the meeting came from Mr. Y. Shapira, Principal of the Haifa Reali School, who met with the Prime Minister on Sunday.

League Bids to Weaken Israel's Asian Ties

The Political Committee of the Arab League Council yesterday adopted a recommendation urging Arab League states to strengthen their diplomatic and economic ties with Turkey, Persia and Ceylon in order to weaken Israel's ties with these countries, according to Beirut Radio.

The Committee also urged Arab states to have the Oman issue placed on the agenda of the coming session of the U.N. General Assembly, Reuter reported from Cairo. There has been sporadic fighting between forces of the exiled Imam of Oman and the British-assisted Sultan of Muscat and Oman.

9 Blind Marchers Steal Show As 11,000 Take to Road

By PAUL KOHN, Jerusalem Post Reporter

HULDA.—For sheer enthusiasm, the nine blind marchers and their nurse stole the show in the first day of the four-day march to Jerusalem.

Walking 30 kms. through the Judean foothills, the many sang or whistled as heartily as any group, and were never among the stragglers. Before them they bore a large yellow board with the inscription "Rehabilitation Centre for the Blind, Ministry-of-Israel Lighthouse." They marched in step and kept formation holding on to a T-shaped wooden pole. Most of the blind were in their mid-twenties.

The marchers, aged from 13 to 30, started off at 4 a.m. from the Hulda and Eshtaol encampments. By 4.30, all 11,000 were on the road. It rained slightly at Eshtaol Cool, ideal marching weather held throughout the morning.

Songs rang out on roads and tracks that led through fragrant orange groves in bloom. The southern route led through Mazmiya, Gedera and the Bilu roundabout. Other routes covered Ramle, Kibbutz Na'an and Givat Ya'arim.

Radio Programme

A special three-hour radio programme by Gabi Zahal provided rhythm and entertainment for the footsloggers, and gave a description of the march. Nearly all the small groups, and many individuals, carried transistor radios. The army units and organized civilian groups marched smartly, singing, whistling and beating a rhythm with cymbals, castanets, tambourines and shepherds' drums. For most the jaunts were completed between 11 a.m. and 2 p.m. The Gadna had the largest representation — 250 teens numbering 5,300 marchers.

The young, the oldsters and women covered 30 kms. yesterday, 10 kms. less than the soldiers and other men. The Gadna and old-timers will reach Jerusalem today. The rest, who are taking a longer route, will arrive in the capital Thursday.

For freshness, stubbornness and bearing, the more than 1,000 girls and women, came first. Girls of the various units, from the Air Force to the red-bereted paratroopers, kept the formations. Of the civilians, the green-uniformed Bank Leumi group never stopped singing.

The Dutch women hikers were easily identified by their shirts, as all local women were either in shorts, jeans or khaki trousers. They were always the fastest walkers, and all by the sweltering noontime stopping marchers with a hearty "shalom."

"Thirty kilometres is too little. In Holland we walk 40. We would like to march with the men," they said. Comparing their course here to that in Holland, they admitted that Israel's dust tracks were harder on the soles.

"Honeymoon" Hike

Among the soldier girls, Corporal Rina Isaacov, Miss Israel 1960, was on her second four-day march. One Air Force marcher, Sagen Miriam Kishon married three days ago. Her husband, a medical officer, was also marching on a different route. "This is a continuation of our honeymoon," he said.

Cabbinet Hanaiya Rachamim, of Holon, an immigrant from Kurdistan, who was called for reserve duty for the duration of the march, repaired 18 boots in the first four hours en route. The first aid station had only a very occasional blister to dash. "But this is only the first day," the nurse said, "you wait until Thursday, we'll be overwhelmed."

Along the men's routes, some Gahal and paratrooper units stood out, and the Dan cosmopolitan group, in blue shirts and trousers and white trousers, made a great impression. Paul Kanta, who sports a huge black beard and tropical helmet, marched 40 kms. with his dog.

Going Strong at 93

The oldest marcher was the 93-year-old Tel Aviv handbag maker, Yosef Doron. "Some people are born to be city mayors, some to be geniuses in synagogues, and I was made to walk," he said. He walks for two hours every morning. When he was sent for a medical examination to the Bellinson Hospital before being registered for the march, he walked there and back from Tel Aviv.

Paula Portnagil, 62, waited with her husband, a year her senior. They have three marchers behind them.

The Chief of Staff, Ravi Aluf Haim Leskov, toured the encampments and marchers' routes during the morning.

Jordan King in Persia On 10-Day Visit

King Hussein of Jordan arrived in Teheran by air yesterday afternoon for a 10-day state visit on the first leg of a Middle East and Mediterranean tour which is expected to last more than a month, Reuter reported.

NOT COINCIDENCE

Our Arab Affairs Correspondent writes:

King Hussein's visit to Teheran ostensibly returns the Persian Shah's visit to Jordan late last year, but there seems to be more than coincidence in his making the trip when Nasser is on the eve of visiting Pakistan. Both Persia and Pakistan are members of CENTO.

During the last few days the U.A.R. and Jordan press and radio have been exchanging accusations that the other was about to join CENTO. An interesting Lebanese report recently said the two visits are connected with the situation in Iraq, which both Cairo and Amman hope to dominate in case Gen. Kassem's regime flounders. Nasser and Hussein are both exerting themselves to win as much influence as possible with Iraq's neighbours and former allies in the Baghdad pact.

No Net Reduction In British Taxes

LONDON (Reuter). — Britain's Chancellor of the Exchequer, Mr. Derick Heathcoat Amory, announced yesterday that he could not make any net reduction in taxation in this year's budget.

In presenting the budget to the House of Commons he said: "I consider the position calls for some modest net increase."

Mr. Amory promised that "further specific measures" would be taken against tax avoidance.

He told the House that voluntary payments at the end of employment and payments in compensation for loss of office were, with some exceptions, to become subject to taxation.

'Plot' Against Hussein Called 'Weak Comedy'

DAMASCUS (Reuter). — Two prominent Jordanian exiles here, whose extradition Jordan will request, yesterday denounced as a fabrication and a "weak comedy" allegations of a plot by them to assassinate Jordan's Prime Minister, Hazza Majali.

On March 30, Majali told a press conference in Amman that the U.A.R. authorities would be considered "protecters" of the criminals if they did not hand over the two men — Abdullah Rimawi, former Deputy Foreign Minister, and General Ali Nuwar, former Chief of Staff, who was accused last year of plotting to overthrow the regime and kill King Hussein.

Bonn Foreign Cash Reserves Show Deficit

FRANKFURT (Reut.).—West Germany had a deficit in her foreign currency reserves last year of 2.1bn. marks (about $490m.)—the first deficit since 1950, the Federal Bank reported yesterday.

Giving the figures in its monthly report for March, the Bank said the deficit was mainly due to West German capital payments to foreign countries.

Other factors were the increased deficit in commercial services (excluding income from foreign troops in German soil), and an increase in pre-payments for defence goods and armaments.

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Herter: K's Repeated 'Threats' On Berlin Have Adverse Effect

Khrushchev Urges French To Join Soviets in Peace Effort

MOSCOW (Reuter).—Prime Minister Khrushchev yesterday urged France to join Russia, pooling their efforts as the two greatest continental powers, to raise "an insuperable obstacle to new aggression and a new war in Europe."

In a "report to the nation" on his visit to France, the Prime Minister renewed his warnings against German militarism.

He accused Dr. Konrad Adenauer, West German Chancellor, of trying to rally "cold-war champions" in the U.S. and Japan to prevent agreement on a peace treaty with Germany.

He denied the story spread by "hostile forces" that the U.S.S.R. was trying to drive a wedge between France and West Germany, saying that the Soviet people were not opposed to the friendship between the two. The Soviet people did not hate the Germans, but opposed the dangers of German militarism.

'Moving Welcome'

The welcome he had received from the French people during his visit had been "deeply moving," he said. In his talks with General de Gaulle he found "our views are close on most issues," although they "do not fully coincide."

A crowd of over 15,000 applauded Mr. Khrushchev tumultuously for nearly two minutes when he arrived at Moscow's Lenin Stadium.

He began by saying a good tradition was being established by Soviet leaders immediately reporting to the people in Moscow on the results of their journeys abroad. He said his visit to France was "rather successful," and he had "a completely frank and sincere" exchange of views with Gen. de Gaulle. There could be no doubt that this "contributed to a better understanding of each other's views."

Agree on Disarmament

He said that on questions of disarmament, "our positions with Gen. de Gaulle coincide, I should say."

The "mutual clarification of the positions of the Soviet Union and France on disarmament alone made it worthwhile going to France," and this was why the visit could be called a success.

Mr. Khrushchev said the German problem had bulked large in his talks with President de Gaulle. "It seems to me that the President and the Government of France

(Continued on Page 3, Col. 4)

Astypalea Awaiting Ruling on 'Expenses'

PORT SAID (Reuter). — The master of the Greek freighter Astypalea, which has been detained here since last December, said yesterday he was awaiting the courts' instructions regarding the payment of expenses for unloading the cargo.

The customs have said that this should be at the owners' expense.

Unloading of the cargo of Israel cement, which was expected yesterday, has been postponed until an answer is received from the owners.

Nepal Spurns China Claim to Everest

KATMANDU, Nepal (Reuter). — The Nepalese Prime Minister, Mr. B. P. Koirala, yesterday disclosed that he had rejected a claim by Communist China to sovereignty over Mt. Everest, the world's highest peak.

Mr. Koirala, who visited Peking last month, said the matter would be discussed during the forthcoming visit here of the Chinese Prime Minister, Mr. Chou En-lai.

Though some minor differences exist on the Nepal-Tibet border, the Chinese claim for Mt. Everest is "a new one," Mr. Koirala said. He added that he hoped the dispute would be settled in the spirit of his recent talks with Mr. Chou.

The Nepalese district where Everest is situated was under Tibetan jurisdiction up to 1852.

Mr. Koirala spent considerable time criticizing non-aggression pacts, which he said were no guarantee against aggression.

He was not insinuating anything against the Chinese, he said, but in the event of aggression Nepal would not stand alone.

Burmese Army In Battle with Karens

RANGOON (Reuter). — Government troops are battling fiercely with Karen rebels led by one-legged Saw Kyaw Htoo in the Alngkalaung area, about 30 kms. north of Rangoon, eye-witnesses reported yesterday.

Government troops have lost some officers and a helicopter was destroyed in the battle, which began three days ago, the reports said.

Reinforcements have now joined in the fight and dispersal of the rebels is expected.

Many of Burma's two million Karen tribesmen demanded an autonomous Karen State when Burma became independent in 1948 and took up arms against the Central Government. Their top leader in the Irrawaddy Delta area, Muka Paw, surrendered last May.

The Chamber of Deputies yesterday swore in the new Cabinet with U Nu as Prime Minister. In the general elections in February, U Nu's "Clean" faction of the Anti-Fascist People's Freedom League won a two-thirds Parliamentary majority, replacing the Caretaker Government of General Ne Win, who assumed power when U Nu resigned as Prime Minister in October, 1958.

West Will Defend Rights

CHICAGO (Reuter).—Mr. Khrushchev's repetition of the Soviet "threat" over Berlin could not help but complicate the situation and affect adversely the international atmosphere, Secretary of State Christian Herter said yesterday.

Addressing the annual convention of the National Association of Broadcasters, Mr. Herter said the Western Powers, at the East-West Summit Conference in Paris next month, would continue to make clear their determination to defend their "essential rights" in Berlin.

Referring to the abortive East bloc negotiations in Geneva, Mr. Herter said the joint U.S.-British plan for ending detectable nuclear weapons tests and placing a short-term moratorium on small underground nuclear explosions could be "a historic turning point" in the quest for agreed arms control measures.

Larger Objective

The developments in the negotiations "are of extreme importance — but our larger objective is general controlled arms limitations," he said.

Mr. Herter described the division of Germany as one of the key issues between East and West. "Not only does this unnatural division represent a grave injustice to the German people, but — what is equally serious — the continued division of Germany, if not resolved, will inevitably result in jeopardizing the peace of the world."

Discussing the prospects for success at the Summit Conference, he said the U.S. and its allies would work to reduce the misunderstanding with the Soviet Union, strive to make progress towards practical working agreements in areas of greatest danger, and explore carefully the possibility of future negotiation.

Urges U.N. Policy Force

Mr. Herter also made a strong plea for the creation by the U.N. of an international police force, a proposal which he described as a major difference between the West's disarmament programme and that of the Soviet Union.

"We will support Secretary-General Hammarskjold's efforts to create stand-by arrangements for U.N. forces or other forms of U.N. presence which may be needed in troubled areas," he added. "We will consult about such measures at the next session of the U.N. (General Assembly)."

He urged strong support of President Eisenhower's programmes of economic assistance to underdeveloped areas.

"If the countries of Africa and Asia cannot attain the progress they seek through orderly methods, then despair will surely generate the seeds of conflict," he said. "It is in our vital interests that they should grow in freedom and gain in strength."

USSR Turns Down West's Arms Plan

GENEVA (Reuter). — Mr. Valerian Zorin, the chief Soviet delegate yesterday turned down the Western three-stage plan and a U.S. proposal for an immediate ban on outer space weapons. He said America only wanted controls over weapons in which she was inferior.

The Western plan would give unilateral advantages to the West's military programme, he added.

Mr. Zorin's long statement at yesterday's session and his answers at a subsequent press conference showed that Russia was no more disposed than the West to abandon the U.N. goal of general disarmament, however, Western sources said.

The only speaker at the meeting, he said "the attempts by the U.S. delegation to evade the consideration of the Soviet programme in its essence can only strengthen everybody's assumption that in the disarmament talks the U.S. is pursuing aims that have nothing in common with general and complete disarmament."

Four Points

He asked the conference to:

1. Proceed without delay to work out a disarmament treaty or, at least, its basic principles.

2. Agree on the general scope of measures for complete disarmament.

3. Define stages and time-limits to give the programme concrete form and sequence.

4. Provide for the establishment of effective international control at all stages on specific measures of disarmament.

Western sources described Mr. Zorin's statement as a "propaganda blast." They said that since the start of the conference on March 15 the Communist representatives have tried to put the West into a position of rejecting the concept of general and complete disarmament.

The next meeting is to be held this morning.

Nasser Tours India's Industrial Belt

ASANSOL, West Bengal (Reuter). — Abdul Nasser arrived here by air yesterday from New Delhi to visit India's main industrial belt.

The U.A.R. leader visited the Government's locomotive works at Chittaranjan as well as the Maithon Dam in the Damodar Valley Project and the Durgapur Barrage.

M-E Not Discussed By K, de Gaulle

By ISRAEL NEUMANN, Jerusalem Post Correspondent

PARIS. — The Middle East was not discussed in the Khrushchev-de Gaulle talks except indirectly, as when they both expressed general approval for extension of aid to underdeveloped areas and support for the principle of non-intervention in the affairs of neutralist countries, it is learned from reliable sources.

These sources expressed astonishment at Moscow's apparent satisfaction with the talks, as there are hardly any practical political results.

Gen. de Gaulle's visit to London, which begins today, is not expected to bring any solution to the sharp economic differences that has replaced the Middle East as the main source of Franco-British contention. The French are satisfied that the British are preparing a splendid welcome for the President, but no one harbours any illusions as to the possibility of the rebirth of the *entente cordiale* as long as Britain keeps trying to undermine the Common Market.

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Social & Personal

President I. Ben-Zvi yesterday resigned the Minister without Portfolio and President of the Weizmann Institute, Mr. Abba Eban, and conferred with him on the international conference on the role of science in the advancement of new states, scheduled to be held in Rehovot in August.

The President yesterday received Mr. Berl Locker and Mr. Haim Ben-Asher.

Mrs. Ben-Zvi yesterday received a group of 50 women from the Wizo organization in Peru. They were presented by Mr. Tuvya Arazi, former Israel Ambassador to Peru.

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The Speaker of the Knesset yesterday received the members of the Camden U.J.A. delegation. He also received Mr. and Mrs. Nathan Cogan of New York. The Camden delegation were also received by the Minister of Health.

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Mrs. Chaim Weizmann yesterday entertained to luncheon, at her home in Rehovot, Captain and Mrs. B. Liddell Hart; the Chief of Staff and Mrs. Haim Laskov; Mr. Shimon Peres, the Deputy Minister of Defence; Mr. Meyer W. Weisgal, Chairman of the Weizmann Institute's Executive Council; Mrs. Geraldine Morris; Sgan-Aluf Y. Ba'ar; and Dr. Boris Gurieli, Curator of the Weizmann Archives.

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The Minister for Foreign Affairs yesterday received the Italian Ambassador, Count Giovanni Revedin. Mrs. Meir also received Mr. Irving Rabb, of Boston, and Mr. and Mrs. Walter Mendelsohn, of New York.

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The Minister of Health yesterday received Dr. Joshua Bierer, the noted British psychiatrist.

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The Minister of Police yesterday received the French Ambassador, M. Jean Bourdeillette.

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Mr. Abba Eban was the guest of honour at a luncheon given yesterday by the President of the Hebrew University, Prof. B. Mazar.

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The Minister of Transport yesterday received Mr. Morris Bloomfield, of Montreal, Rabbi and Mrs. Israel Levinthal, of New York, Mr. and Mrs. David Shaffner, of Chicago, and Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Wohlfeiler — all guests of the Israel Bond Organization. Mr. Bloomfield was also received by Mr. Teddy Kollek, Director-General of the Prime Minister's Office.

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The Minister of Development, Mr. M. Bentov, yesterday received Mr. C. Reed Liggit, Director of the U.S. Operations Mission in Israel.

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The Hungarian Chargé d'Affaires and Mrs. Gyula Nyerki gave a reception at their home in Tel Aviv on Monday to mark the fifteenth anniversary of Hungary's liberation in 1945.

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A reception in honour of Miss Miriam Moses, O.B.E., J.P., former Mayor of Stepney, London, was given by the Joint Mizrahi Women's Organization and Irgun Hapsalot, on Sunday night at the home of Mr. and Mrs. N. Williams. It was attended by Mr. M. Shapiro, Minister of the Interior, and by Mrs. Tova Sanhedrai, M.K.

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Mrs. Paula Ben-Gurion has been inscribed in the Golden Book of the J.N.F. by the Working Mothers Organization, in appreciation of her efforts on behalf of immigrant children. Mrs. Ben-Gurion arranged for a contribution by a philanthropist to children's institutions of the Organization in Jerusalem.

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The Liberian Minister of Labour, Mr. Thomas Buchanan, accompanied by his deputy, Mr. Joseph W. Bonyue, yesterday visited the Weizmann Institute of Science where they were received by Prof. M. C. Shelesnyak, of the Experimental Biology Department.

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Mr. Philip Neufeld, member of the New York Stock Exchange, and Member of the Board of Directors of the American Technion Society, is this week visiting the Technion, together with Mrs. Neufeld, and meeting with both administrative and teaching staff.

A THEAL shipment of radishes, parsley, kohlrabi, tomatoes and gooseberries was flown yesterday by El Al to Germany, England and Belgium by the Israel Fruit and Vegetable Centre.

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Sat., April 9, Tues., April 12
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Tomorrow, April 6, 8.30 p.m.
Tickets at the Box Office
10-1, 4-6 (Tel. 3700)
Sunset time: Tue., 6 March
Petah Tikva: ...

Sixty Arab Teachers Held Symposium

Jerusalem Post Reporter

Some 60 Arab teachers and civil servants took part in a three-day symposium on citizenship over the week-end. The meeting, characterized by frank discussion on questions occupying the Arab community, was held in the Carmel Court Hotel, Haifa. It also included a tour of development, educational and health projects in the Kfar Saba area.

On Friday evening, the 60 participants were distributed among the homes of 30 Haifa families and were guests to dinner.

Speaking at the symposium included Mr. Michael Assaf, Chairman of the Israel Journalists Association, on "The Press in a Democratic State," the Magistrate Elias Kteili on "The Citizen and the Law," and Mr. S. Solmon, Director of the Ministry of Education's Arab Division, on "Values and Aims in Education." Other addresses were devoted to "The Role of the Educated Arab Woman in Her Society" and "The Treatment of Juvenile Delinquency."

There was lively discussion on Mr. Assaf's address which had stressed Israel-Arab political problems and freedom of expression in the press.

A number of Arab speakers maintained that the closing down of the newspaper "El Ard" because of pro-Egyptian propaganda was contrary to the freedom of the press. Mr. Assaf and Mr. Solmon pointed out that the freedom of the press could not be used for slandering the State and identification with an enemy of Israel.

The symposium was one of a series for the Arab intelligentsia organized by the Ministry of Education in conjunction with the Government Civic Information and Education Service. Their purpose is a free exchange of views on topics such as citizenship, culture, economy, education and foreign and domestic affairs.

LYDDA FLIGHTS

TUESDAY

All times G.M.T.

ARRIVALS: B.O.A.C. 202, from Teheran 1145, El Al 202, from New York, London and Rome 1750, El Al 434, from Brussels and Zurich 2200, Olympic 614, from Athens and Nicosia 2250, B.O.A.C. 906, from London and Geneva 2300.

DEPARTURES: Air France 192, to Teheran, Karachi, Bangkok, Saigon, Manila and Tokyo 0005, El Al 422, to Athens, Zurich and Brussels 0800, El Al 208, to Paris, London and New York 1030, K.L.M. 828, to Munich and Amsterdam 1215, B.O.A.C. 203, to Geneva and London 1220, B.O.A.C. 204, to Teheran 2045.

Prepared by Civil Aviation Dept.

ON THE AIR

FIRST PROGRAMME
491, 356.4, 306 & 220 M.
News: Hebrew: 6.00, 7.00 and 7.30 a.m., 1.30, 3.00, 7.00, 8.00 and 11.00 p.m.
English: 2.00 p.m. French: 2.15 p.m.
6.00 a.m. Religious Service (R). 6.10 Musical Clock (R). 6.55 Programme Announcements. 7.17 Morning Melodies. 8.00 Close Down.
11.00 a.m. Popular Concert: Auber: Overture "Le Muette de Portici"; Mozart: Piano Concerto in D ("Coronation"), K. 537 (Soloist: Friedrich Gulda); J. Ch. Bach: Sinfonia in B-flat major; Purcell: Sonata for Trumpet and Strings. 12.00 Women's Programme. 12.30 Lunchtime Music. 1.00 Little Concert. 1.45 Where to Go? 2.30 Close Down.
4.30 Special Foreign Language Programme. 5.05 Programme Announcements on Commercial Wavelength. 5.05 Popular Concert — Sibelius: Bolero; Copland: Suite from "The Red Pony"; Mascagni: Intermezzo from "Cavaleria Rusticana." 6.45 Children's Corner. 6.00 Youth Corner. 6.20 Hebrew Songs. 6.40 "The World of Science" — weekly ed by Dr. N. Sharon & Dr. I. Michaeli, presented by Y. Targuin. 7.20 Request Programme. 7.50 In View of the Arab Broadcast. 8.20 Record Collectors. 8.50 Bible Reading: Yoel chaps. 1 & 2. 9.10 Talk by M. Medini. 9.15 Concert by the Kol Yisrael Orchestra; Conductor: Heinz Freudenthal; Soloists: Mirgi Locker (Soprano), Rosa Sandor (Soprano), Leslie Chasley (Tenor), William Wolf (Bass-Baritone) with the Kol Yisrael Choir and the Choir of the Rubin Academy of Music, Jerusalem, directed by Arieh Semanek. K. Ph. E. Bach: "Die Israeliten in der Wueste," Oratorio, First Performance in Israel, Hebrew: Efraim Dvar. 11.00 Close Down.

SECOND PROGRAMME
499, 280.7, 422.5 & 32.1 M.
Commercial Programmes: 5.00 News. 5.05 Opening Announcement. 5.07 Melodies. 5.35 Sports. 5.45 "I, the Instrument" — Z. Lederman — Guitar. 6.00 Weather Forecast. 6.02 New Records. 6.30 The Adventures of Sherlock Holmes — Sketch. 6.52 Star of the Evening. 7.00 Close Down.
"IMMIGRANTS' HOUR": 7.00 French. 7.30 Yiddish. 8.00 Morrahit. 8.15 News in Easy Hebrew. 8.30 Ladino. 9.00 News in English. 9.15 Polish. 9.30 Rumanian. 9.45 Hungarian. 10.00 "Science Studio." 10.15 Readings from Plays. 11.00 News. 11.10 Close Down.
ARABIC PROGRAMME
499 & 41.7 M.
Arabic Programme (including News): 6.30-7.15 a.m. 1.15-2.15 & 5.30-11.10 p.m.
KOL ISRAEL JAGGLA (32.9 M.): Programme to the U.K.: 12.30 News. 12.40 Commentary. 12.45 "South Africa Ahead (1)" — Israel's Power. 1 — The Jerusalem Post. 1.15 Programme to South Africa: 6.15 News. 6.25 Commentary on the News. 6.35 Time of the Week. 6.55 Hear Hebrew Conversation.
ARMY PROGRAMMES (204, 202 and 202 M.): 6.00 Opening. 6.02 Request Programme. 6.40 Songs. 6.55 Announcements. 7.00 News. 7.30 "Star of the Evening." 7.35 "Musical Key." 7.50 Readings in the Haftara of the Week by A. Gurewitz. 8.00 "The Four-Day March." 10.00 Dance Music. 10.50 Close Down.
B.B.C. HEBREW BROADCASTS (13.97, 25.15, 19.66 & 16.86 M.): 7.15-7.45 p.m. News, News Comment, Mid-Week Magazine.
MUSIC U.S.A. VOICE OF AMERICA — English Programme 5.00 and 6.00 a.m. News, UN in Action on 31 and 41 M. 7.00 a.m. News, Commentators' Digest on 31 and 41 M. 8.00 a.m. News, Raymond Swing Analysis, Report to Europe on 31, 41, 49 and 238 M. 9.00 and 10.00 a.m. News, Commentators' Digest on 13, 19 and 31 M. 5.00 p.m. News, Report to South Asia on 11, 13 and 19 M. 4.00 p.m. News, Raymond Swing Analysis, Women and the World on 11, 13, 19, 25 and 31 M. 5.00 p.m. News, Raymond Swing Analysis, Report to Near East on 19, 25 and 31 M. 6.00 p.m. News, Women and the World on 11, 13, 25, 31 and 41 M. 7.00 p.m. News, Report to Near East on 13, 19 and 25 M. 7.30 p.m. News, Listeners' Log on 13, 19 and 25 M. 8.00 p.m. News, Report to Africa on 19 and 25 M. 8.30 p.m. Forum (Music) on 19 and 25 M. 9.00 and 10.00 p.m. Special News, Music USA on 19 and 25 M. 11.00 p.m. News, Raymond Swing Analysis, Press Opinion USA on 25, 31, 41 and 238 M. 11.30 p.m. Forum (Music) on 25, 31 41 and 238 M. 12.00 p.m. News, Raymond Swing Analysis, Press Opinion USA on 25, 31, 41 and 238 M.
CYPRUS BROADCASTING SERVICE — English Programme (434 & 498 M.): News: 7.30 a.m. 9.00, 7.00, 11.00 p.m.
7.45 a.m. The Open Cots Programme. 8.00 Melodies & Memories. 8.30 Popular Light Orchestra. 9.00 Miniature Concert. 9.30 Confidence Man. 9.45 Piano Playtime. 10.00 Felix King, his Piano and Orchestra. 10.30 Ted Heath and his Music. 11.00 The Final Year. 11.15 Light Music. 11.30 Pursuit. 12.00 Midday Melodies. 12.15 p.m. "The Name is Shane." 2.30 Satellite Seven: A Science Adventure. 6.45 The Lantin Programme. 7.15 Counterfeit. 10.00 Strange Last Words. 10.15 Stars of Song. 10.30 My Word.

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LAW REPORT

The Jerusalem Post April 5, 1960

In the Supreme Court Sitting as High Court of Justice
Before Justice Agranat, Silberg and Witkon.

Nissim Garby, Petitioner, v. Objections Committee Constituted Under Border Victims (Benefits) Law, Respondents (H.C. 59/60).

No Benefits for Injury Sustained in Border Area By Explosion of Old Mine

The High Court discharged an order nisi calling on the Objections Committee, constituted under the Border Victims (Benefits) Law, 1956, to show cause why they should not regard the petitioner as a border victim.

The petitioner, Nissim Garby, was injured on August 12, 1949, when a mine exploded in the Kastel area where he was working.

After the Border Victims (Benefits) Law was enacted, in 1956, he applied for injury benefits under it, claiming that he was injured in a border area by a mine planted during hostile operations, within the meaning of section 1 of the Law. This section defines "border injury" as being: "An injury sustained in hostile operations carried out after February 21, 1949, in a border area... by forces of a neighbouring state or by an infiltrator... or in circumstances in which there was ground for reasonable apprehension that such an operation would be carried out, even though the injury was inflicted by an Israel resident and unintentionally..."

The certifying officer rejected Mr. Garby's application and the Objections Committee upheld the officer's decision, holding that while he had in fact been injured in a border area there was no proof that the mine which had exploded had been planted after February 24, 1949, the circumstances pointing more to its having been planted during the War of Liberation.

Mr. Garby petitioned the High Court for an order nisi, which was granted.

Mr. Lotan and Mr. Ravrom appeared for the petitioner and Deputy State Attorney F. Landau for the respondents.

Decision

Justice Silberg, who delivered the decision, said that the only question before the court was whether an injury sustained after February 24, 1949, by someone working in a border area as the result of the explosion of a mine planted either in a hostile operation by the enemy or in a preventive or defence operation against the enemy, before the same date, is a "border injury" within the meaning of the Border Victims (Benefits) Law, and obliges the State to pay a benefit to the injured person.

In replying to this question in the negative, he held that the fact that the Border Victims Law specifies a definite date, after which the hostile operations should have been carried out, indicates that the legislator did not wish the State to bear the burden of any injury sustained as a result of operations carried out before that date. The decisive factor, he continued, is the "operation," within the usual meaning of the word, and not any subsequent result of the operation. If, on the other hand, petitioner's argument were correct then the legislature would have framed the definition of "border injury" as follows: "an injury sustained after February 24, 1949, in hostile operations carried out by forces of a neighbouring state etc."

Justice Silberg then went on to answer the query of the counsel for the petitioner regarding the legal situation in cases where mines are planted in a border village after February 24, 1949, in the same fields which had not yet been cleared of mines laid before that date, and a mine, whose origin is unknown, explodes. In such a case, he said, it is quite possible that leaving the mine-field unchanged of earlier mines would be regarded as a new preventive or defensive operation carried out after February 24, 1949 and thus covered by the Border Victims Law.

Order nisi discharged without costs.

Decision given on March 22, 1960.

Where to go

JERUSALEM

• Film Shows:—
Israeli films — daily showings, Keren Hayesod Hall, 12 noon—1 p.m.
• Tours:—
Spend a morning with Hadassah on a conducted tour starting 9 a.m. Book by this page by phoning 6021, Hadassah Club, Straus Health Centre.
Hebrew University: Conducted tour in English, at 11 noon, daily, New University Campus.
Yad Vashem — Martyrs and Heroes Memorial Authority, Har Hazikaron — Conducted tours (English) of the buildings and exhibitions, daily 11 a.m.
• Exhibitions:—
Artists House: 10-1, 4-6.
Haifa painters Shlomo Jehezkeli, Rafael Mohar and Haim Nahor exhibit their works.
"Israel Today" — permanent exhibition, Binyanei Ha'oomo, 10-1, 4-6 daily; Friday 10-1.
Safrai Art Gallery, 27 Jaffa Road, Tel. 62737, 10-1, 4-7.
Friday 8-2. New exhibition: Paintings by Mach, Stern, Ben Shaul, Aschein, Holzman, Kossonoghi, Singer, Pins, Dror and Levanon. All purchases mailed upon request.
• Beaalei National Museum:—
Permanent exhibition of Jewish Ceremonial Art; Archaeological objects; Primitive Art, Dutch and Flemish drawings from the Meller Collection, Amsterdam. Brazilian Prints, Paintings and prints from the Low Countries—Museum Collection, 9-1; 2.30-7.
Beaalei Art Library: "Springtime in Art"; Books — new acquisitions, 9-1, 2-6.
Department of Antiquities, 25 Rehov Shlomo Hamelech. Special exhibitions: New excavations at Beersheba, Ramat and Tel Mor. Also permanent exhibition, 9-1, 2-6.
• Zoo:—
Jerusalem Biblical Zoo, 9-6.

TEL AVIV

• Circus:—
Warsaw Circus on Kikar Malchei Yisrael, 4, 8.30.
• Theatre:—
Cameri: "A Doll's House," 8.30
Ohel: "Known in Public," 8.30.
• Dine and Dance:—
Delphin Bar, 16 Sholem Aleichem. Exquisite cuisine. Dancing nightly. Recommended to Tourists. Tel. 23972.
• Bridge:—
"Talpiot" Bridge Club (Dr. Landau). Tournaments, lectures.
Eden Bar, 22 Rehov Pinsker, Tel. 28794.
• Tourist Service:—
Visit Hadassah Club, 99 Rehov Hayarkon. Tel. 26259
Wizo Club, 91 Rehov Hayarkon. Tel. 26255, 8 a.m.—2 p.m.
• Zoological Gardens:—
Open 6 a.m.—6 p.m. daily.
• Exhibitions:—
Paintings by Collin Hack, Israel Painters and Sculptors Assoc., 9 Alharizi, 10-1, 4-7.
The Graphic Art of Toulouse-Lautrec. International Travel Posters. Beit Dizengoff, 16 Rothschild Blvd., 10-1, 4-7.
Oils by Ruth Arion, Chemerinsky Art Gallery, 35 Rehov Gordon, 10-1, 4-6.
Ancient Glass Exhibition, Museum Ha'aretz, near Ramat Aviv, 10-4.
• Play:—
"Born Yesterday," performed by the Drama Circle of the American Library, U.S. Information Centre, 20 Hayirkon St., 8.30 p.m. Admission free.
• Boat Tour:—
American Children's Art Exhibition (all day).
Tourist Service, 9 a.m.-6 p.m.

HAIFA

• Golden Age Club:—
Pastor Paul Achenbourg (of Freiburg), will lecture on: "The Prophecy of the Old Testament and its Fulfilment." Mrs. Ilse Grunefeld: "Recitations." Rothschild Community Centre, Mt. Carmel, 4.30. Guests welcome.
• Exhibitions:—
Annual exhibition of the Association of Artists and Sculptors, Haifa Artists House, 32 UNO Ave., Daily except Fridays, 10-1 and 4-7.
• Tourist Centre:—
Hadassah Club, Youth Aliya Office, 22 Hahalutz, Tel. 67265.

AFULA

• Theatre:—
Habimah: "Visit of the Old Lady," 8.30.

BEIT SHEAN LEGION

• Italian Puppet Theatre:—
Piccoli, Tiferet, 4, 5.30. Last day.

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Milan Trade Fair
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In 1959: 10,373 exhibitors, 5529 of them foreigners - 54 participating Countries - 4,650,576 square feet of display area - 4,300,000 visitors - Buyers from 102 Countries
Information: Mr. G. Sinigaglia c/o Camera di Commercio Industria - Italia - 24 Allenby Road TEL AVIV

Communists Spy Trial Opens in Athens Today

Fourteen alleged Communist spies are on trial in Athens today on charges of having gathered information on the NATO defence structure in Greece, the Greek Press Bureau in Jerusalem reported yesterday.

They will be charged with having infiltrated into Greek Army units in order to obtain information about the deployment of troops in the north of the country and "transmitting it to the General Staffs and espionage networks of enemy countries."

The prosecution will also charge that many of the alleged Communist agents entered Greece after being trained in the Bulgarian army.

French Buyers Arrive

Jerusalem Post Reporter

LYDDA AIRPORT. — Two buyers for "Dagmi," a purchasing organization for a number of large French stores, arrived here on Sunday. They are Mme. Worms-Sinderel and M. Amado. They are here to purchase suitable goods for a series of "Israel sales exhibitions" which "Dagmi" intends to arrange in a number of its stores. The first will be held at the "Grandes Galleries" in Strasbourg.

Current Affairs

EXPERTS. — Two Japanese automobile experts are expected in Agadir later this month to give advice on the reconstruction of the earthquake-shattered port city at the invitation of the Moroccan Government.

ROOSEVELT. — Mrs. Eleanor Roosevelt, widow of the late President, was knocked down by a car as she stepped off the pavement near her New York town house on Sunday, and suffered a sprained ankle. Mrs. Roosevelt, 75, had her ankle taped by her doctor, and using a crutch, hobbled to three speaking engagements.

DAMAGE estimated at tens of thousands of pounds was caused by a fire which broke out late Sunday night at the Sdot Yamim warehouse in Ashkelon. The cause of the outbreak has not been established.

Cinemas

JERUSALEM

ARMON: Pillow Talk.
EDEN: Tarzan's Secret Treasure.
ORON: The Black Whip.
OR-GIL: Atlas Jones Jungle.
ORNA: Five Gates to Hell.
RON: Seashell in Magnifique.
SEMADAR: An Affair to Remember (Evenings).
ZION HALL: Europe by Night.
TEL-OR: Casino de Paris.
EDISON: Fighting Fantasy.
STUDIO: East of Eden.

TEL AVIV

ALLENBY: Beajour Triptych.
ARMON DAVID: Quicksand.
CHEN: Five Pennies.
EDEN: Girls of Today.
ESTHER: Count Your Blessings.
GAT: Letter from an Unknown Woman.
HOD: Le Cinebord.
MAXIM: Hands Off!
NIGDALOR: Resurrection.
MOGRABI: Yesterday's Enemy.
OFRIR: Pillow Talk.
ORION: The Young Philadelphians.
PARIS: Les Enfants du Paradis.
PEER: Grazia Marina.
SHDEROTH: The Best of Everything.
TAMAR: Judith and Holofernes.
TCHELET: Die Prinzessin und Ihr Adjutant.
TEL AVIV: The Story on Page One.
YARON: Don't Give Up the Ship.
YAFON: Hell in the City.
ZAMIR: The Story of Dr. Wassell.

HAIFA

ARMON: Solomon and Sheba.
EN DOR: Quand la Femme s'en mêle.
ORLY: Night of the Quarter (Evenings).
MORIAH: Imitation General (Evenings).
ORAH: Auntie Mame.
AMPHITHEATRE: Celtic Folk Dance.
ATHON: For the First Time.
MIRON: The Reluctant Debutante.
GAL OR: The Great St. Louis Bank Robbery.
ORION: The Foreign Legion.
ZAMIR: The Magic Box.
PEER: Manolete in Tetuan.
MAY: Resurrection.

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The British Council and the Y.M.C.A. Jerusalem
invite you to a lecture to be given by
Mr. Vicars Bell
Headmaster of an English school and writer on educational topics, on:
"The School in Society"
The lecture will take place at the Y.M.C.A. Jerusalem, at 8.30 p.m. on Thursday, April 7.

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The Weather

FORECAST: Partly cloudy during the morning with isolated showers in the north and centre of the country.

Weather symbols: R Showers, OV Overcast, T Thunderstorms, C Cloudy, FC Fair and cool, FW Fair and warm, H Hazy.

	M	E	O
Mt. Canaan	R	7–11	8–12
Tiberias	R	10–18	11–19
Haifa Port	R	14–17	14–18
Haifa Bay	R	14–17	14–18
Tel Aviv Kirya	R	15–	14–18
Tel Aviv Port	R	14–18	14–19
Lydda Airport	R	11–18	11–19
Jerusalem	R	10–17	10–18
Jerusalem Observatory	R	10–17	10–18
Beersheba	R	10–17	10–18
Eilat	R	16–27	17–28

*) Humidity at 1 p.m. **) Temperature change yesterday evening. ***) Temperature forecast.

ARRIVALS

Dr. M. Wyden, Managing Director of Ets. Wyden & Co., from a business trip to Holland, Belgium and Mainland (by K.L.M.).

Mrs. Ruth Dayan, from a private visit to Scotland (by El Al).

Mr. Arl Rath, Diplomatic Correspondent of The Jerusalem Post, from Britain on completion of his assignment in connection with Mr. Ben-Gurion's recent tour.

Mr. L. Lederer, diplomatic correspondent of "The Observer", accompanied by his wife, for a short visit (by Olympic Airways).

Prof. Louis Olivier, French ethnologist, for a three-week visit (by El Al).

Professor A.M. Boyd and Dr. S. Rose, noted British arterio-vascular-system surgeons, for a series of lectures at local medical institutions.

Mr. D. Barnoon, Deputy-Director of the Civil Aviation Department, from a fortnight's visit to The Hague (by El Al).

Mr. Fred Kahan, U.S. West Coast Director of the Jewish National Fund, with a group of prominent Los Angeles laymen and J.N.F. workers, for a fortnight's visit.

Mr. Bernard Sachs and Mr. and Mrs. Louis Silverstein, of Baltimore, under the auspices of Israel Bonds.

Mr. Haim Segal, of The Jerusalem Post Tel Aviv Bureau, from a private visit to England (by El Al).

Mr. Leon Dussaux, documentary film producer, from the U.S.

No Health Risk In Eilat

There is no health risk involved in visiting Eilat and there is no quarantine in force in the town, the Ministry of Health and the Government Tourist Corp. announced yesterday.

Itinal reports from Eilat that the influx of tourists to Eilat has dropped substantially following rumours of a case of smallpox among the crew of a ship that anchored in the port recently.

Josephthal Denies Public Funds Used for Private Sector Building

Jerusalem Post Knesset Reporter

Minister of Labour Giora Josephthal denied yesterday that public funds are being used for building which could be left to private capital. He was winding up the Knesset debate on the budget estimates of his Ministry.

Dr. Josephthal said that the Ministry is making efforts to raise private capital for housing. But there were limitations to what private capital could do in this field.

As an example, he said that even a modest flat costs IL.8,000-12,000 to build. Private capital demands annual return on its investment of 10-12 per cent, which would entail rent of IL80 a month. But this was far beyond the ability of the categories for which public funds were used.

Where commercial housing might be able to take over was in housing savings schemes where the participants make a substantial down payment and where they might be able to afford higher rent. But slum clearance and re-habilitation clearance programmes had to be left to the Government, because private capital was not interested.

Urges Patience

Dr. Josephthal asked for patience on the question of the State Employment Service. In general, he said, those who demand depoliticization really only want more representation for their own party. He said he was trying to limit the management of the service to a group of three, and that he was continuing his efforts to get employers to participate in all of the Service's institutions.

Speaking in the debate, Mr. Akiva Govrin (Mapai) stressed the importance of vocational training, declaring that its level would determine Israel's position in world markets. Both labour and management were still far behind Western standards, he said. Without elaborating, Mr. Govrin said that the entire saving for housing scheme needed re-examination.

Mr. Yitzhak Golan (Progressives) thought that the birth pangs of the Employment Service were lasting too long. It was inconceivable that a whole year should go by without the participation of the employers. He doubted whether a serious effort had been made to correct this.

Mr. Yisrael Yeshayahu (Mapai) feared that the Minister's remarks in favour of general labour and against the classification of the Israel would be applied to the children of Oriental immigrants only. And the Minister's plan might lead to the demand for the curtailment of post-elementary education, which would be most unfortunate.

Vocational Training

Mrs. Tova Sanieshvi (National Religious) urged the adoption of a compulsory vocational training law for elementary school graduates who do not continue their education.

Mr. Gideon Ben-Yisrael (Mapai) thought that in trying to achieve equal status for elderly persons and those with impaired ability to work, we might be defeating our own purpose. The time had come to equate wages with output, precisely in order to ensure employment to these groups.

The Knesset Labour Committee yesterday adopted a resolution "viewing with concern the curtailment of construction work and employment for building workers — particularly in development areas."

In the Committee's opinion, it is the Government's obligation to see to the employment of building workers in development areas, and to facilitate their transfer from place to place.

ACCOMMODATION BILL

The Knesset yesterday passed the second and third readings of the Hotel Accommodation Bill, which authorises the eviction of local residents from hotels if this is necessary to make room for tourists. Provision is made for administrative appeal and, in some cases, for furnishing alternative accommodation to local residents.

Zionist Congress To Meet December 27

The 25th Zionist Congress will convene in the Binyanei Ha'ooma in Jerusalem on December 27, 1960 and will sit for about 12 days. This was decided yesterday at a meeting of the Jewish Agency Executive and of the Presidium of the Zionist General Council.

The Chairman of the Keren Hayesod Presidium, Mr. Eliehu Dobkin, reported on the progress of the United Israel Appeal in Europe. He said that U.J.A. income in Europe in 1960 had been 19 to 15 per cent higher than the previous year and that another 15 per cent rise could be expected this year. This would bring U.J.A. income in Europe to $4m. in 1960.

Tour Elected J.N.F. Chairman

Mr. Ya'acov Tsur, member of the Jewish Agency Executive and former Ambassador to France, was yesterday elected Chairman of the J.N.F. Board of Directors at a meeting of the Board in Jerusalem.

Ya'acov Tsur

The Board also chose Mr. Yosef Weitz to head its Land Development Authority. The former Chairman of the Board, Dr. Avraham Granott, will serve as President of the J.N.F. Mr. Weitz will also serve as acting Chairman of the Board in Mr. Tsur's absence.

President Lectures At Bible Parley

President I. Ben-Zvi last night lectured on the group of Psalms incorporated into the "Hallel" service, before a packed hall at the Israel Bible Research Society's eighth conference. Mr. Ben-Zvi was one of the speakers during the second day of the four-day meeting being held at Jerusalem's Orion cinema and devoted this year to the Book of Psalms.

In his half-hour address, Mr. Ben-Zvi dwelt principally on the historical background of these Psalms. The audience rose to its feet to give the President a cheering welcome when he entered the hall.

KHRUSHCHEV

(Continued from Page One)

are now being aware of the condition of the Soviet Union, while we have a more specific notion of the Prague position on these questions," he said.

Mr. Khrushchev reaffirmed that Russia was preparing for the conclusion of a peace treaty with the two German states, saying that Dr. Adenauer during his recent visits to the U.K. and Japan had tried to mobilize "anti-war champions" to prevent agreement on a peace treaty with Germany, he added that this was doing great harm to West Germany.

"We shall do everything to solve the question of a German peace treaty on a basis acceptable to the Western powers too," he said. But should this prove impossible, the Soviet Union would sign a treaty with East Germany.

Curtain Agreement

During his conversations with Gen. de Gaulle he found there was a basis for certain agreed solutions on a number of European problems, he added. The people of France were becoming increasingly aware of what a revival of German militarism and "revanchism" would mean for their country.

Turning to the agreement with France on cooperation in the peaceful uses of atomic energy, he stressed that this cooperation would be of value both to Russia and France, as both sides had amassed a wealth of experience which might prove of mutual benefit.

Mr. Khrushchev concluded his speech with the words, "Vive la Paix."

Intn'l Lottery Meet Opens in Tel Aviv

Jerusalem Post Reporter

TEL AVIV. — The Third International Congress of State Lotteries was officially opened here on Monday morning by Dr. M. Landau, director of Mifal Hapayis. Twenty-seven delegates from 19 countries are participating in the six-day meeting which includes three days of excursions.

Dr. Landau, as host and Congress President, welcomed the visitors and presented them with a summary of subjects to be discussed during the next three days. These include: a Danish proposal to institute an international lottery which would pool the combined income from participating countries and award big prizes; and the taxation by governments of lotteries and lottery prizes.

The greetings of the Tel Aviv Municipality and of the Government were conveyed by Mr. P. Naphtali, chairman of the Municipality's finance committee, and by Dr. Y. Arnon, Director-General of the Ministry of Finance.

Delegates will address the Congress in French, English or German, simultaneous translation being provided. The Congress is expected to conclude its discussions on Wednesday with a series of resolutions.

Fuel Wagon Blaze Halts Rail Traffic

Jerusalem Post Reporter

REHOVOT. — Two blazing railway fuel tankers on Monday morning halted traffic on the main railway line to Jerusalem and the south. Military and civilian fire brigades failed to extinguish the blaze and had to retire until the fuel was burned up.

The wagons were completely destroyed. Some damage was also caused to the tracks.

The outbreak is believed to have been started by a spark from a motor pump transferring the fuel to a tanker truck. The tanker was driven to safety, but it took over an hour for the fuel in the wagons to burn out.

No Rise in Serious Crime, But Juvenile Delinquency Growing

Jerusalem Post Reporter

TEL AVIV.—There was no trend towards serious crime in this country last year, but the sharp increase in juvenile delinquency gives cause for anxiety, the Inspector-General of Police, Mr. Yosseph Nahmias, said at Beit Sokolow on Sunday night, presenting to the press the 1959 police report.

"No noticeable increase was recorded in the number of murders, rapes or hold-ups, but we are worried about sexual offenders and perversions," Mr. Nahmias said.

Thirty-four murders were recorded in 1959. Seven of these were carried out by members of "romantic" or family background, and were not of the type that endangered the public welfare or could have been prevented by police intervention, the Inspector-General said. Only two were first degree murders.

Hold-Up Cases

Of the 42 hold-up cases, only one was in the "chicago gangster style — the one carried out at the Mamad Bank here. The rest included thefts of sheep and cattle and housebreaking.

Of the 97 cases of rape, 69 were by persons known to the victims, and many of them, officially amounted to complaints that promises of marriage had been broken. The 1,959 other sexual offences — 420 of them committed against minors — led Mr. Nahmias to issue a warning to beware of hitch-hiking on lonely roads. He wanted to see a closer control over the issuing of taxi driving licences, "because I want a person entering a taxi to be as sure of his safety as if he were entering a police station," he said. Taxis in particular, featured among complaints of attempted rape and robbery.

Juvenile delinquency in 1959 rose to a new high of 31.5 per cent of all offenders. Large numbers of these were offenders were aged between 9 and 14 years. Their offences were not of the "serious crime" type, showing that surgery being the most common.

Youngsters in Court

A total of 4,332 youngsters appeared before the police, Mr. Nahmias thought much could still be done to prevent juvenile delinquency.

The economic police were due to be strengthened, the Inspector-General said. During the new fiscal year, moreover, detective units, similar to those already in action in the Tel Aviv district, would be established in Haifa and Jerusalem.

One of the most encouraging developments of 1959 was that the number of resignations from the force was the lowest ever. A total of 248 men left the force, compared to 419 in 1958 and 329 in 1957.

In 1959, 324 men were recruited out of some 4,000 applicants. Since mid-1958, the police had raised their qualifying standards, from the point of view of both health an education.

Mr. Nahmias said no further major reorganization could be anticipated in the near future. The aim, however, was to get as many policemen on the roads as possible. Training was now concentrated on turning out the "all-round" policeman, capable of undertaking investigations, traffic control and other forms of services.

Police Hold 7 Burglar Suspects in Sharon

Jerusalem Post Reporter

KFAR SABA. — Police on Monday detained seven persons — four Arabs and three Jews, one of the latter a woman — suspected of having carried out most of the recent burglaries in the Sharon area.

Headed by the Assistant District Commander, Pakad Nathan Kaplan, police found one of the gang's main hideouts in a house in the Arab village of Jaljulya, near Kfar Saba. Among the stolen goods were articles lost during last week's IL16,000 burglary at the Hamashbir Latzarchan store in Ra'anana.

No School Shortage, Municipalities Declare

TEL AVIV. — The Tel Aviv Municipality yesterday denied press reports that registration of new students for secondary schools had been suspended due to the lack of sufficient places for all the students in the city's schools.

The Municipality announced that sufficient places were available and that registration was continuing.

In Ramat Gan the Director of the Municipal Education Department told a press conference on Monday that efforts would be made to enrol all elementary school graduates who have passed Ministry of Education tests in Ramat Gan secondary schools.

Torah, Socialism, Zionism As Aims of Education

Jerusalem Post Reporter

TEL AVIV.—Prof. S.H. Bergman on Monday said that the younger generation should be educated towards three main values: the Torah, Socialism and Zionism. He was summing up the discussions at the national pedagogic convention which closed here on Monday afternoon.

The speaker said that there was no contradiction between Judaism and Socialism, as both educated towards the same values.

Condition of Murder Suspect Improving

HAIFA. — The condition of Ezzmantiel Mirzahi, 36, who shot himself on Sunday after allegedly murdering Gershon Tabernink, the Haifa lawyer, was reported yesterday to have improved. Mirzahi regained consciousness on Monday, and police may today begin interrogating him.

Tabernink's funeral took place yesterday.

Beduin Boy Dies In Road Accident

Jerusalem Post Reporter

BEERSHEBA. — A six-year-old boy, Ali Salah el-Katanami, of the El-Hunefi tribe, was killed instantly yesterday afternoon when he was knocked down by an army truck near Kibbutz Shuval. The body was taken by Magen David Adom ambulance to the hospital here and will be transferred to the Institute for Forensic Medicine at Abu Kabir.

'Greater Variety Needed In Secondary Education'

Jerusalem Post Reporter

The problem of adapting post-elementary school curricula to the needs of Israel's developing society and to the task of completing immigrant absorption were the main subjects discussed at the opening of a two-day symposium on post-elementary education yesterday.

The symposium was held on the Hebrew University campus and was addressed by Dr. M. Smilansky, of the Szold Institute; Prof. S.N. Eisenstadt, of the Hebrew University's Department of Sociology; and by Prof. Ernst Simon, of the School of Education.

Dr. Smilansky said that what was most needed in post-elementary education was a greater variety of schools and of curricula. He suggested that teacher-counsellors be posted to the seventh and eighth grades of elementary schools to direct students to the schools best suited to their aptitudes.

Prof. Eisenstadt, who pointed out that he was a sociologist and not an educationalist, dwelt mainly on the influence of post-elementary education on the immigrant absorption process and on the country's economy. He proposed a thorough study of the influence of present education policy on the occupational trend away from basic productive callings and skills.

He also emphasized that the problem of post-elementary education, especially for children of recent immigrants, was one that was fraught with dangers, in that "aspirations born of greater educational opportunities might not always be capable of fulfilment."

Prof. Simon dwelt mainly on questions of educational philosophy, and proposed that the Israel school system go over to a system of six years of elementary school, four of continuation classes, and two of higher secondary school studies.

The symposium was presided over by the President of the Hebrew University, Prof. B. Mazar. Among those present in the audience were the Minister of Labour, Dr. Giora Josephthal, and the Deputy-Minister of Education, Mr. Ami Assaf.

Drop in German-Speaking Films

Jerusalem Post Reporter

The number of German-speaking films dropped sharply in 1959/60 as compared to the preceding year, Mr. Levi Grinspun, Chairman of the Film Censorship Board, said in Jerusalem yesterday.

In 1958/59, the Board viewed 58 German-speaking films; in 1959/60 the figure had dropped to 22, five of which were German-produced.

Of the 489 feature-length films viewed by the Board (492 in the preceding year), the U.S. still accounted for the most with 178, although this is a decline from the previous year when the U.S. had 216.

Increases were registered for France, from 26 in 1958/59 to 46 in 1959/60; for the U.K., from 33 to 42; Italy, from 15 to 31; U.S.S.R., eight to 11; Spain five to 12; India nine to 19; and Egypt, 20 to 25.

However, all the Egyptian films were approved before the Council, on December 6, imposed a ban on films produced in countries hostile to Israel.

The Board banned 23 films in 1959/60 as compared to 26 the preceding year. Of these eight were banned for excessive cruelty and crime (one dealt with white slavery); seven for being "horror" pictures (i.e., in the style of "Frankenstein," etc.) six for being sympathetic to Germany — of these five were made in the U.S. and only one in Germany; and two for being likely to "offend a foreign power."

The Board also limited 118 pictures to adults, and approved 31 for children. The latter are generally shown at reduced prices in matinee shows.

'Jerusalem Cinema Owners Will Strike'

Jerusalem Post Reporter

Jerusalem cinemas will close their doors to the public the moment the Ministry of Interior approves the Jerusalem Council's decision to raise the price of tickets by 10 per cent, Mr. Moshe Shapiro, spokesman for the cinema owners, told *The Jerusalem Post* yesterday.

The Municipality yesterday sent a draft of the by-law to the Ministry for approval, which is expected to be granted.

A delegation of the cinema owners was received by Mayor M. Ish-Shalom yesterday evening. They asked that the by-law not be passed during the Passover season, when cinema attendance is at a peak. The Mayor asked if they would agree to the law after the end of the season when they could strike with little financial loss. The delegation declined to answer.

PETAH TIKVAH's fire brigade, which hitherto has been a volunteer force, will this month be included within the Municipal services and will receive a budgetary allocation, the local council decided on Sunday night.

Wine, Women, Song for Independence Day

TEL AVIV. — Wine, pretty girls, and song will accent the official programme to mark the country's 12th Independence Day celebrations, to be launched on the night of Sunday, May 1, according to a preview released on Monday by the organizing committee.

Merrymaking will revolve around 80 open-air entertainment stands each capable of catering to crowds of over 10,000 persons.

Scores of professional entertainment ensembles, 50 choirs and 40 dance troupes have been contracted for the night. Local amateur talent will also be recruited for the first time this year. Stress will be placed on the visual aspects of the celebrations, to ensure that the programme is easily comprehensible.

The entertainment staged will consist of a dais, festooned with strings of coloured lights and floating balloons. Loudspeakers will relay the programmes over a wide area.

Wine-vending booths will be attended by bevies of attractive girls. The committee release quoted the Book of Psalms to prove that "women stir the heart even more than wine." Carmel Mizrahi promises that a good, inexpensive wine will be on the tap, dispensed in plastic cups.

It's A Small World...

being a visitor to Israel, you need not wait for the trip home if you wish to buy one of the famous ALLEN JEWELRY suits or Dresses. You can try them here and now at ARZI's Fashion House, 91 Allenby, Tel Aviv. Recommended by the Government Tourist Corporation. (Advt.)

Industry, Finance and Commerce

Oil Flow to Start In 16-inch Pipeline

Jerusalem Post Reporter

BEERSHEBA. — Oil will start to flow from the new 16-inch pipeline by the end of this month, it is learned from Mekorot circles. The oil will be pumped through the old 8-inch line up to a point 20 kms. from Ashq, and there will flow through the new line.

The line is being built to three successively larger diameters like a pistol. It is 160 kms. from here; from that point to another, 60 kms. further north; and from there to Eilat, a distance of 95 kms. The first two stages are being built by Mekorot and the last by Solel Boneh.

The line is scheduled to be completed by June. A total of 250 workers are employed in laying it down.

Citrus Prices in Europe Plummet

TEL AVIV. — Citrus prices on the United Kingdom and Continental markets dropped last week to their lowest point in recent years, according to a summary released by the Citrus Marketing Board here on Monday.

In Holland, shamouti oranges fetched from 28/6d. to 29/6d. per case. On U.K. markets, prices ranged from 25 shillings to 29/6. Best prices for oranges were fetched in Germany, ranging from 31/- to 33/- per case.

A total of 8.2m. cases were sold up to April 2, compared to 7m. during the corresponding period last season.

Mandy: Two Changes Needed in Football XI

By BARUCH SHEINBEIN
Jerusalem Post Correspondent

ATHENS. — "At least two members of the Israel Selected football team will have to be replaced before the match against Yugoslavia on Sunday, in view of the unexpectedly weak game played by the forwards and the right-wing Aharon Amar," team trainer Giula Mandy told *The Jerusalem Post* yesterday.

Mandy emphasized the main weak points of the Israel eleven in the game against Greece were their slowness and their lack of staying power, especially among the forwards. This was especially evident in the second half, he said. He singled out Moisesko for special praise.

DR. M. A. KURTZ took over yesterday as the Director-General of the Ministry of Social Welfare yesterday at a brief ceremony attended by the Minister, Dr. Y. Burg, and the outgoing Director-General, Dr. G. Lotan.

Atomic Energy Group Arrives

LYDDA AIRPORT. — Three members of a delegation of the International Atomic Energy Agency arrived here Sunday night for a four-day visit, as guests of the Israel Atomic Energy Commission.

They are Prof. Cedor, of Buenos Aires, Dr. Jhelum, of England, and Mr. A. E. Fleiter, of South Africa. A fourth member of the delegation, Dr. J. Rabinowitch, of Holland, was scheduled to arrive last night.

A ROSE BY ANY OTHER NAME...

The Hebrew word meaning for taxation, is not corrupted and the term Arnona which should be used, is now announced yesterday by the Hebrew Language Academy.

Tel Aviv Stock Market

APRIL 4, 1960

25%	Textil. Dollar	25
25%	Paringa (Sterling)	25
25%	Dollars Loan	25
	Housing Loan A	25
	" " B	25
	" " C	25
	" " D	25
25%	Pal. Electric 57/58	25
4%	Nat. Oil Co.	4
4%	Local Authorities	4
4%	Jewish Agency	4
4%	Keren Hayesod	4
	50/58 Iss.	4
4%	Fertilizers & Chem.	4
4%	Ind. Dev. Bank	4
4%	Gen. Mortgage Bank	4
4%	Bank Leumi Isr.	4
4%	Ramco	4
4%	Igrotit	4
4%	Tim.-Ramco	4
	C.A.I. LINKED BONDS	
4%	Dollars Loan	25
4%	Housing Loan A	25
4%	" " B	25
4%	" " C	25
4%	" " D	25
4%	Pal. Electric 57/58	25
4%	Pal. Electric 58/59	25
4%	Local Authorities	25
4%	" "	25
4%	Keren Hayesod	25
4%	" 58/60 Iss.	25
4%	Ramco	25
	50/20 $/C.A.I. LINKED	
4%	Igrotit	25
4%	Ind. Dev. Bank	25
4%	Bank Leumi Invest.	25
	ORDINARY SHARES	
	Bank Leumi	25
	Gen. Mortgage Bk.	25
	Bk. Leumi Invest.	25
	Elkern's Investment	25
	Africa Pal. Invest.	25
	Isr. Land Develop.	25
	Ata Textile	25
	Mother Textile	25
	Assis & Bejerano	25
	Pal. Potash	25
	Teva Pharmac.	25
	Palest. Cold Storage	25
	Am. Isr. Paper Mills	25
	Delek	25
	Delek (11/12 Div.)	25
	Jordan	25

B: Buyers only. S: on Div./Coupon

TODAY'S TENDENCY
Dollar Bonds: Firm
Index Bonds: Harder
Ord. Shares: Very firm
AS REPORTED BY

UNION BANK OF ISRAEL LTD
Your Investment advisers

Dairy Board Completes Against Milk Margarine

TEL AVIV. — Mr. Nahum Vermitsky, M.K. (Mapai), speaking at a campaign among Kibbutz members against margarine, members of the Israel Dairy Board told reporters here on Monday.

With the appearance of 12% margarine on the local market, the Board feels that margarine manufacturers are thereby trying to reap the benefits of the dairy industry's victory over U.K. butter imports.

Mr. Nahum Vermitsky, Managing Director of Tnuva, pointed out that the dairy farm is the mainstay of agriculture. "While the milk industry is fighting for its existence, we cannot threaten farming for the sake of a few factories," Mr. Vermitsky said.

Mr. Shlomo Wygodski, Secretary of the Board, said that the dairy industry also wants to forbid the use of the word milk in advertising the margarine, "as this gives the impression that the new spread is a milk product." He added: "The small amount of skimmed milk which is used does not alter the fact that the product is essentially unprocessed oil of vegetable origin," he contended.

Bank Leumi Gift Cheques

Gift cheques are now on sale at all branches of Bank Leumi, it was announced yesterday. Four types of illustrated envelopes are provided for sending a cheque on the occasion of a wedding, bar mitzvah, birth of a child, or any other festive occasion.

There is no extra charge for the cheques, even for persons who are not regular clients of the Bank, the announcement added.

Notice to the Public

DRAWING OF THE WAR LOAN (BEARER BONDS) 1955, SECOND SERIES

The 60th drawing of the above loan will be held at the Bank of Israel hall 69 Rehov Nahlat Binyamin, Tel Aviv, tomorrow, Wednesday, April 6, 1960, at 4 p.m.

Admission free. The public is invited.

DRAWING OF WAR LOAN (MILVE MILHAMA) (BEARER BONDS), 1960, FOURTH SERIES

The 36th drawing of the above loan will be held at the Bank of Israel hall 69 Rehov Nahlat Binyamin, Tel Aviv, tomorrow, Wednesday, April 6, 1960, at 4.30 p.m.

Admission free. The public is invited.

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THE ISRAEL-AUSTRIA SOCIETY
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Exhibition of Austrian Books
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Wide selection of Austrian books at the R. Friedmann Bookstore, 3 Rehov Ben Yehuda, and Austrian medical books at the Medical Bookstore Heiliger & Co., 3 Rehov Strauss.
Free inspection — Sale — Orders accepted

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We deeply regret to announce the death in London on March 3, 1960 of
RUTH PYETAN (nee DRANCZ),
wife of David Pyetan
Pyetan Family.

A MEMORIAL MEETING
on the 30th day after the sudden death of my beloved husband
SAM NEBENZAHL ע"ז
will be held on Thursday, April 7, 1960, 4 p.m. at the Kiryat Shaul Cemetery, Tel Aviv.
On behalf of the family:
RUBA NEBENZAHL, née Prygoda
64 U.N.O. Ave., Haifa.

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This year, "Carmel Oriental" have again prepared their choice drinks for your Holidays:
These selected drinks have, for the past four generations, formed a traditional part of the Seder Table.
Vermouths as aperitif before the meal
Selected Muscat or Portos (Port) for the Seder dinner
Adam Ariz, Carmel Hock, Chateau Windsor for the festive meal
Brandy Extra Fine, Baron Brandy, Brandy 777 to celebrate the feast
and — last but not least — *"Lord of Carmel"* — the new Brandy
CARMEL ORIENTAL

2-PARTY TREND IN GERMANY

No Visible Signs of Militarist 'Revanchism' in W. Germany

By SEBASTIAN HAFFNER

BERLIN (OPNS). — ALTHOUGH Mr. Harold Macmillan said in Washington that he was worried about a possible Nazi revival in Germany after Adenauer, at the moment all the observable indications are that Germany is moving to the left rather than to the right.

The party that is visibly coming up in Germany at the moment is not the German Reich Party or any other Radical Nationalist right-wing party that might be termed "neo-Nazi," but the Social Democrats. Adenauer's most likely successor, on present form, is not any new *Führer* — who is nowhere in sight, however closely one scans the horizon—but Willy Brandt, the present Burgomaster of Berlin.

As for democratic constitutionalism, it was never in the 20th century so firmly rooted and as unchallenged in Germany as in this year 1960. And the political mood of Germany was never as far removed from anything that could be termed aggressive nationalism or fanaticism.

Last Sunday municipal elections were held in Bavaria. Not a world-shaking event, of course, but at a moment when a substantial part of the international Press seems to live in a dream world (or nightmare world) as regards Germany, it is worth-while to take a close look at these pedestrian local elections. For at least they are a reality. Bavaria was the cradle of Nazism in the twenties; it is the second biggest State of Germany today; and the electoral behaviour of its people might at any rate provide a straw in the wind as regards the political trends in Germany at present.

What happened? Were there wild marches with patriotic songs, shouting and flag-waving, and flamboyant speeches as there were at every election in Germany, however local, 30 years ago? Not a bit of it. Everything went off quietly, modestly, with a maximum of *gemütlichkeit*. Was there then apathy, boredom, large-scale abstentions, or the signs of a lifeless and purely formal democracy? Again, no. The poll was 79.5 per cent, which compares very favourably with the poll at local elections in some other countries, including Britain. Clearly the Bavarians, at any rate, are not yet bored with democracy even in its local, grass-roots manifestations.

But perhaps they used their votes to put some wild men in the town hall and to boost some formerly obscure new right-wing parties? They did not. No party that could even remotely be regarded as extremist or anti-democratic got as much as one per cent of the votes. Even the somewhat volatile and unpredictable small parties of the recognised democratic establishment — the Free Democrats, the Refugee Party, the local Bavarian Party — continued to lose votes, as they have done for years now. The now well-established trend towards a solid two-party system — which over the last 10 years has continued without a break in Germany, although the electoral system does not, as in Britain, virtually enforce it — was as marked as ever. Four years ago, at the last local elections in Bavaria, the two big parties, Christian Democrats and Social Democrats, had together polled, in round figures, 65 per cent; this time it was 74 per cent.

The Christian Democrats gained a little, but the Social Democrats gained far more, and, for the first time in Bavaria, beat the Christian Democrats for the first place in the poll. (Social Democrats 39 per cent, Christian Democrats 35 per cent.) In particular in some of the big cities, the Social Democrats scored landslide victories. Munich elected as its new mayor, with more than 60 per cent of the votes, a young and brilliant Social Democratic lawyer, 33-year-old Dr. Vogel.

If this happens in the Munich which bred Hitler 40 years ago and was later appointed "capital of the Nazi movement" by him — it could hardly be taken as a sign that Germany is about to turn Nazi again.

Closer observers of Germany are at a loss to understand the frivolity with which many Western politicians and journalists are disregarding the manifest facts of the day in order to paint a dream picture of re-emerging neo-Nazi Germany. It is easily understood that Russian propaganda has an interest in representing Adenauer as another Hitler, and the anti-Communist and pro-Western Germany of today as an "imperialist, militarist, *revanchist*," bellicose monster. But what interest has the West in lapping up, absorbing, and repeating Russian propaganda?

By arrangement with "Ha'aretz"

YESTERDAY'S PRESS

Post-Summit Visit to France

ASSUMING that the world's leaders will not find the time to discuss the Middle East at the coming Summit talks, Omer (Histadrut) avers that it will be more beneficial if Mr. Ben-Gurion visits General de Gaulle after those talks are over in preparation for a second round of deliberations. Such a discussion would clear the path for a thorough exploration of the region's troubles.

Mr. Eshkol's call for more savings along the whole economic front, writes Davar (Histadrut), must be heeded if we are not to print new currency notes with the attendant inflationary results. The development and improvement of suitable savings outlets will lessen consumption, release goods for export and constitute convincing proof of a healthier economy.

Hamodia (National Religious) states that the "human element" in road fatalities boils down to the driver more than anyone else, and urges that the law clamp down on him. It is better to have fewer drivers and vehicles on the roads and fewer bereaved families in the homes.

Not all is well with our prison administration, writes Ha'aretz (non-party), basing this view on a series of articles in which Yair Cotler highlights the defects of the system. The aim of the prisons is to rehabilitate their wards and not to create hardened criminals. Our Prisons Commission is guilty of going to extremes, either placing too great a stress on rehabilitation while ignoring security, as happened at Shatta, or clamping down as hard that disaffected convicts plot revenge. It is up to the authorities to seek a body of men who know and understand prison administration well enough to serve the requirements of both society and the prisoner, and to allocate enough money to meet the system's needs.

All signs point, in the view of Hatzofeh (General Zionist), to an intensification of the education dispute, and the strangest part of all is that the parties concerned seem to have lost sight of the fate of education itself. Besides, it seems that the Government considers forcing the secondary school teachers to bow to the Histadrut's authority more important than high school education.

Hamodia (World Aguda) discusses Israel's complex relations with South Africa.

Sukarno's Caretakers

By ROBERT FRANKLIN

HONG KONG (OPNS). — BEFORE absenting himself from Indonesia for his two-month tour of India, Iraq, Yugoslavia, Bulgaria, Rumania, Hungary, the United Arab Republic, Guinea, Tunisia, Morocco, Portugal and Cuba, President Sukarno shifted his country's centre of political gravity sharply to the left.

Having dissolved Indonesia's elected Parliament early in March to make way for his United Front Government, the strong-willed President's last official act was to portion out representation to the various political parties who will act with the so-called Functional Groups, such as the Army, in the new Parliament. In so doing he gave a strong voice to Indonesia's Communist Party, and left out the conservative once-powerful Moslem Masjumi Party altogether.

The new Parliament has 281 members of whom 130 are from the various political parties — with the striking exception of Masjumi. Communist parliamentarians have been given 30 seats, and are also strongly represented in the labour and intellectual functional groups.

Clearly their strategy of supporting Sukarno has paid off handsomely.

MARGINAL COMMENT

Kassem in Trouble Again

By Nissim Rejwan

FOR some weeks now, signs have been multiplying that serious trouble is brewing in Baghdad. There have been persistent reports of armed clashes between rival political groups in various parts of Iraq, and security forces are said to have been involved. News reaching Beirut from Kuwait speaks of an "undeclared war" between the Communists and their opponents of all shades — a war in which casualties occur every day. It is also rumoured that armed bands are infiltrating into Iraqi territory from across the Persian border, making hit-and-run attacks on border posts and lines of communication. These bands each consist of from 20 to 30 well-armed men drawn from tribes loyal to the old regime and which fled the country after the July 14 revolution.

★

THERE is of course no official confirmation of any of these reports; but the tenor of Major-General Kassem's pronouncements during the past two or three weeks seems to bear some of them out. His repeated calls for national unity and his appeals to the people to discard their differences have a strikingly urgent tone. Moreover, the Military Governor-General's ban on the carrying of all arms, under pain of severe penalties, coincided with the spread of these reports and with Kassem's pleas for moderation. It may fairly be assumed, therefore, that once again all is not well with Kassem, and that the various pressures to which he has been subjected ever since he proclaimed himself sole ruler of Iraq are again becoming intolerable.

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BUT exactly what pressures? Since he assumed power, Kassem has been contending with two diametrically opposed rivals to his regime — the Nasserists and the Communists. His troubles stem from his refusal to submit to either of these pressures, which he regarded as equally distasteful alternatives. He decided, quite early in the proceedings, to act in such a way as to cause the two competitive trends to cancel each other out in the long run. His method was the old and well-tried one of playing off his enemies one against the other, letting neither side get the upper hand at any given time. For some time, his success appeared remarkable: he effectively exploited the Communists to get rid of his Nasserist Deputy, Colonel Aref, and of Rashid Ali el-Gailani; he encouraged them in first precipitating and then crushing the Shawwaf mutiny in Mosul; and he allowed them access to the most sensitive government departments, where they effected thorough "purges."

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IT was after the Mosul mutiny, when the Communists made a bid for participation in the Government, that Kassem decided that their turn had come to be weakened and discredited. This process, given a great fillip by the Kirkuk massacres last July, was slowed down when Nasserist elements organised the attempt on Kassem's life in October. It looked then as if anything might happen. But by and large Kassem pursued his policy with firmness and consistency, until the climax came with the refusal to grant the Communists a licence to function as a legal party. Since then, things have been getting a little out of hand: the Communists, widely hated and discredited for their wanton acts of violence and their vengefulness against their rivals among the Arab nationalists, have been suffering a steep decline, and their enemies have taken the hint. The assassination and armed clashes now reported between groups of Communists and anti-Communists have been a direct result of this decline.

★

KASSEM, though he probably welcomes a further weakening of his erstwhile Communist allies, has however good reason for alarm if things move too fast. For all he knows the militant anti-Communists may be essentially Nasserist in their sympathies, and unless he can feel sure of enough support for himself as against both the Communists and the Nasserists, he will continue to feel insecure. There are two possible interpretations of recent developments in Baghdad. The first is that Kassem, in association with his right-hand man General Abdi, are, contrary to appearances, fully in control of the situation and actually conniving in the anti-Communist wave of violence reportedly sweeping the country. The second interpretation is that Kassem has been left with little effective power, with Abdi and the high-ranking army officers in effect conducting the country's affairs.

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ONE way or the other, it is clear that the Army, not so long ago threatened with virtual paralysis as a political as well as a military factor, is again asserting itself. It may be presumed that the Army, whether pro- or anti-Kassem, is not likely to opt either for the Communists or the Nasserists.

Tel Aviv, April 5.

Young Israeli and Young Egyptian Seek Peace

By JESSE ZEL LURIE
Jerusalem Post Correspondent

NEW YORK. — SIXTEEN-year-old Tamar Liebes, of Jerusalem, came here three months ago as Israel's delegate to the "Herald-Tribune" Youth Forum and met Taher Ahmed Khalifa, a handsome 18-year-old delegate from Egypt. The Israel girl and Arab boy had long, heartfelt discussions about the differences that divide their two countries. They found that both of them earnestly desired peace, but they concluded sadly that there was little likelihood of their country's leaders making peace in the foreseeable future. They joked that the only future for them was a little house on the border — one-half in Israel and one-half in Egypt.

Tamar told the Forum audience in the Waldorf-Astoria grand ballroom that before she came here, she had not given too much thought to Arab-Israel tensions. She had lived the life of an ordinary girl occupied with the problems of any adolescent.

Tamar Liebes

"I never thought as much about the conflict as I have here," she said. "Now that I have seen the differences in our ways of thinking in all their sharpness ... I have lost the hope, which I had before I came — perhaps a childish one—that there will be peace in my lifetime."

"Unless there is a very drastic change," she continued, "we will have to continue a life of constant tension, constant preparation for war. But I see no hope of such a change, so how can I remain hopeful? I can look only to a future of getting more arms, putting most of our effort — which is needed for so many more important things — into military defence."

Hope and Achievement

"It is very ironical," Tamar concluded, "that I should come to realise this in the Forum where there is so much understanding and hopefulness. Here we are, together," she said, turning to young Taher standing at her side, "basically wanting the same things, and seeing that there is no hope that we will achieve them."

To which Taher gallantly added: "I hope that the tension in the Middle East will come to an end. But it is easier to hope for something than to achieve it. I am fully convinced that the right is on our side, while the Israelis believe right is on their side. How are we going to achieve peace when both sides insist on their different points of view?"

Taher's one hope was a solution to the Arab refugee problem. Once that problem was solved he thought there might be a chance of peace. "But it may take some time," he concluded.

Tamar wasn't buying that. She saw no hope for a solution to the refugee problem. "It seems absurd," she told the overflow audience of 2,000 high school youngsters, "that during 12 years a million people sit in refugee camps and nothing, absolutely nothing, moves in the direction of solving their problem. The neighbouring countries continue to say that in order to achieve peace we have to take the refugees back. And we continue to say that our country of barely two million —already 10 per cent Arab— can't take in another million Arabs."

After the Forum, I asked Tamar whether she thought young people could do better than their elders towards achieving peace. Her face lit up at the thought: "Yes, yes, of course!" But then she had second thoughts and her pessimism returned: "No! It wouldn't help. If Taher became a leader of his people, he would have to think like his people or they would remove him."

Let no one think that these sombre thoughts on the future of the Middle East coloured Tamar's enjoyment of her first visit abroad. She stayed with three families — Episcopalian, Quaker and Jewish — and went to three schools with her different hostesses: a fashionable finishing school in Connecticut, a Quaker school in Pennsylvania, and a public high school in Brooklyn. Everywhere she went she taught Israel folk songs. She was also a star performer at the Forum. She played the recorder accompanied on the bongo drums by a Nigerian boy in a white abbaya. Then she teamed up with a robed Ceylonese youth to sing "Hava Nagila" accompanied by a percussion trio of the Nigerian and a Japanese on drums and a Thai on cymbals. "Can international co-operation go further?" asked the chairman.

Now that the Forum is over, the entire group of 25 delegates will take off for a week in Ghana. Then it will be back to Jerusalem for Tamar. She has another year to go in school and then she has two years in the Army preparing for the peace that doesn't come. "After that... It's too far off to think about," she says.

Readers' Letters

RENOVATED JUDAISM

Editor, The Jerusalem Post

Sir, — Mr. Super's column, "Vacancies for Jewish Evangelists", presents in very clear and honest language the problem of the state of affairs of religion in the State of Israel, but his final statement is in complete opposition to Judaism. He calls for Jewish "evangelists" (if such a thing can exist) who can rejuvenate, revitalise and resurrect the spiritual life of Israel. How very naive this argument is and how very contrary to the Jewish spirit!

Judaism does not call for men who will sway people en masse by simplified spiritual formulae of ancient Jewish sources. Judaism is a way of life, dedicated to the approach of teaching and understanding of all aspects of its literature and faith.

What Mr. Super's article sorely lacked was an answer to the inner problem of spiritual life in Israel. He touched upon the solution but failed to develop it. What the State of Israel needs is a Judaism applicable to and meaningful for the everyday life of its people. They need concrete ideas to confront concrete and real human problems. The world is crying out for fulfilment. Judaism has fulfilment to give in our age. Its answers lie in a new application of Judaism, a liberalisation and reform of its rituals in order to make it more meaningful to a young generation of Israelis.

What Israel's young people sorely need is a direction and goal. Only through a redirected reform of Judaism can this aim be fulfilled. With God's help, may we see it established "rapidly and in our days."

Yours, etc.,
BERNARD H. MEHLMAN
Jerusalem, March 24.

TEL AVIV APPROACH

Editor, The Jerusalem Post

Sir, — Just over a year ago, letters from Mr. M. Kahr of the Tel Aviv Municipality, were published in *The Jerusalem Post* — on January 6 and March 15, 1959, to be precise. He informed us then that the Municipality places great importance upon cutting a tunnel through the railway embankment to facilitate completion of a direct road to the North of Tel Aviv for the inhabitants of Maoz Aviv, Hadar Yosef, Zahala and Yad Hama'avir. He hoped that efforts in this direction would be successful.

There are still no signs of the bridge being built and every day a fantastic quantity of benzine and oil, not to mention wear and tear on cars, is paid for with badly needed foreign currency because traffic is forced to enter and leave Tel Aviv via the devious route of the Ramat Gan Stadium and the "Ezra" roundabout.

We have read of the Finance Minister casting covetous eyes on the compensation paid to unfortunate workers dismissed from their employment. Perhaps he would be good enough to look in this direction and observe that in olden times for want of a nail a horse was lost, but in our days — for want of a bridge a road was lost, etc.!

Yours, etc.,
ARTHUR A. A. COHEN
Tel Aviv, March 28.

PEN FRIENDS

MISS DORINI WERATUNGA, 17, of 99 Rathkinne Road, Hamilton-Kandy, Colombo, Ceylon, is interested in having a pen friend in Israel.

MR. C.N. LOUIS FERNANDO, 18, of Wellikara, Kotchikkade, Chilaw, Ceylon, would like a pen friend in Israel.

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